

# gasb 75 implementation guide

**\*\*Gasb 75 Implementation Guide: Navigating Postemployment Benefits Accounting\*\***

**gasb 75 implementation guide** offers a detailed pathway for governmental entities to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 75. This accounting standard fundamentally changed how state and local governments report their other postemployment benefits (OPEB), such as health care, life insurance, and other benefits beyond pensions. If you're involved in public sector accounting or administration, understanding and implementing GASB 75 is crucial for transparent and accurate financial reporting.

In this comprehensive guide, we'll explore the key elements of GASB 75 implementation, breaking down complex concepts into practical steps. From the initial assessment to actuarial valuations and ongoing disclosures, you'll gain a clear picture of how to smoothly transition and maintain compliance.

## Understanding GASB 75: The Basics

Before diving into implementation, it's important to grasp what GASB 75 entails. This standard replaced GASB 45 and significantly changed the accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB liabilities. Unlike pensions, OPEB benefits often have less predictable costs, making accurate valuation and reporting essential.

GASB 75 requires governments to report the full liability associated with OPEB on their financial statements, reflecting the present value of future benefits owed to employees and retirees. This shift promotes greater transparency about long-term obligations and helps stakeholders understand the true financial health of an entity.

## Why GASB 75 Matters

The implementation of GASB 75 impacts several aspects of governmental accounting:

- **\*\*Increased Liability Recognition\*\***: Entities must now recognize net OPEB liabilities on their balance sheets.
- **\*\*Enhanced Disclosures\*\***: Detailed notes about plan provisions, actuarial assumptions, and funding policies are mandatory.
- **\*\*Greater Actuarial Involvement\*\***: Regular actuarial valuations become critical to determine current liabilities.

This new level of scrutiny encourages governments to manage and fund OPEB plans more proactively.

## **Steps to Implement GASB 75**

Implementing GASB 75 can appear daunting, but breaking it down into clear steps helps ensure accuracy and compliance.

### **1. Assess Current OPEB Plans and Data Availability**

Start with a thorough review of existing OPEB plans, including plan types, eligibility rules, and benefits offered. Collecting accurate employee data is essential – demographics, service years, and benefit elections all influence actuarial calculations.

Engage with human resources and benefits administration teams early to gather this information. Also, review prior financial statements and actuarial reports under GASB 45 to identify data gaps or inconsistencies.

### **2. Engage an Actuary for Valuation Services**

GASB 75 mandates actuarial valuations to calculate the Total OPEB Liability (TOL). Hiring a qualified actuary experienced in governmental accounting is key. The actuary will use demographic data, plan provisions, and economic assumptions to estimate liabilities.

Key actuarial assumptions include:

- Discount rates
- Healthcare cost trends
- Mortality rates
- Retirement patterns

Discuss these assumptions carefully, as they significantly affect reported liabilities.

### **3. Determine the Discount Rate**

Selecting an appropriate discount rate is one of the most critical and sometimes challenging parts of GASB 75 implementation. The discount rate reflects the time value of money for future benefit payments.

If the OPEB plan has sufficient assets to cover projected benefits, the

discount rate is generally based on the expected return on those assets. If not, a municipal bond rate is often used. Since many governmental OPEB plans are unfunded or underfunded, the lower municipal bond rate frequently applies, leading to higher reported liabilities.

## **4. Calculate the Net OPEB Liability**

Once the Total OPEB Liability and plan fiduciary net position (assets) are determined, subtract the assets from the liability to find the Net OPEB Liability. This figure is what will be reported on the government's balance sheet.

This step requires coordination between finance, actuarial, and accounting teams to ensure figures are accurate and reconciled.

## **5. Prepare Required Disclosures and Notes**

GASB 75 includes comprehensive disclosure requirements to provide transparency about the OPEB plan's financial status. These disclosures include:

- A description of the OPEB plan and benefits
- Significant assumptions and methods used in valuation
- Sensitivity analyses showing how changes in assumptions affect liabilities
- A schedule of changes in Net OPEB Liability and related ratios

Proper disclosure not only meets compliance but also educates stakeholders about the risks and funding status of OPEB benefits.

## **Common Challenges in GASB 75 Implementation**

While the steps above outline a clear process, several challenges often arise during implementation. Being aware of these can help organizations plan accordingly.

### **Data Collection Difficulties**

Many governments struggle to gather complete and accurate retiree and employee data. Missing or outdated information can skew actuarial results. Investing in data management systems and collaborating closely with HR teams is vital for success.

## Complexity of Actuarial Assumptions

Choosing appropriate assumptions requires judgment and expertise. Changes in healthcare cost inflation, mortality, and discount rates can dramatically affect reported liabilities. Regular communication with actuaries and staying updated on economic trends helps manage this complexity.

## Resource Constraints

Smaller governments may face budget or staffing limitations that complicate GASB 75 compliance. Leveraging external consultants or shared service arrangements can be effective solutions.

## Best Practices for a Smooth GASB 75 Transition

Implementing GASB 75 isn't just about ticking boxes; it's an opportunity to improve financial transparency and planning. Here are some practical tips:

- **Start Early:** Begin preparations well before the reporting deadline to avoid last-minute pressure.
- **Train Staff:** Ensure accounting and finance teams understand GASB 75 requirements and reporting nuances.
- **Communicate with Stakeholders:** Keep elected officials and governing boards informed about the impact of OPEB liabilities on financial statements.
- **Consider Funding Strategies:** Use GASB 75 insights to evaluate funding options and reduce unfunded liabilities over time.
- **Review Actuarial Reports Annually:** Regular updates help maintain accurate financial statements and support sound decision-making.

## Technology and Tools to Facilitate GASB 75 Reporting

In today's digital age, leveraging technology can streamline GASB 75 implementation. Financial reporting software with built-in GASB 75 modules can automate calculations and generate required disclosures efficiently.

Additionally, actuarial firms often provide tools or platforms that allow governments to input data securely and receive timely valuation outputs. Integrating these tools with existing accounting systems enhances accuracy and reduces manual errors.

## **Looking Ahead: The Future of OPEB Accounting**

As healthcare costs evolve and demographic trends shift, GASB 75 will remain a dynamic area within governmental accounting. Staying informed about updates from GASB and emerging best practices is essential for ongoing compliance.

Moreover, many governments are exploring innovative approaches to manage OPEB liabilities, including prefunding strategies and plan design changes. The transparency required by GASB 75 facilitates these discussions by providing a clear picture of the financial obligations involved.

Engaging in continuous education and collaboration with actuaries, auditors, and policymakers will help entities adapt to future changes and maintain fiscal responsibility.

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Navigating the complexities of GASB 75 doesn't have to be overwhelming. By following a structured approach, embracing best practices, and leveraging expert resources, governmental entities can implement GASB 75 effectively and enhance the quality of their financial reporting. This not only satisfies regulatory requirements but also fosters trust and accountability with the public they serve.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **What is GASB 75 and why is it important for public sector entities?**

GASB 75 is an accounting standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board that requires public sector entities to recognize and report their other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities. It is important because it enhances transparency and provides a more accurate picture of the financial obligations related to retiree benefits.

### **What are the key steps in implementing GASB 75 according to the implementation guide?**

Key steps include identifying OPEB plans, gathering participant and financial data, selecting actuarial methods and assumptions, calculating the total OPEB

liability, recognizing deferred inflows and outflows, and preparing required financial statement disclosures in compliance with GASB 75.

## **How does GASB 75 differ from GASB 45 in OPEB reporting?**

GASB 75 replaces GASB 45 and introduces more comprehensive reporting requirements. GASB 75 requires governments to report the net OPEB liability on the face of the financial statements, whereas GASB 45 allowed more off-balance-sheet reporting. It also changes measurement dates and actuarial valuation requirements to improve comparability and transparency.

## **What are common challenges faced during GASB 75 implementation?**

Common challenges include collecting accurate and complete data, selecting appropriate actuarial assumptions, understanding complex accounting requirements, coordinating between finance and actuarial teams, and updating financial systems to accommodate new reporting and disclosure requirements.

## **What disclosures are required under GASB 75?**

GASB 75 requires disclosures including a description of the OPEB plan, assumptions and methods used in the actuarial valuation, the total OPEB liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, changes in the liability, and sensitivity analyses. These disclosures help users understand the nature and financial impact of OPEB obligations.

## **Are there any software tools recommended for GASB 75 implementation?**

Yes, several actuarial and accounting software tools can assist with GASB 75 implementation, such as GASB-compliant actuarial valuation software (e.g., Milliman, Segal, or Gabriel Roeder Smith), and accounting systems that can handle OPEB liability tracking and reporting. Selecting software depends on entity size, complexity, and budget.

## **Additional Resources**

Gasb 75 Implementation Guide: Navigating the Complexities of OPEB Reporting

**gasb 75 implementation guide** serves as an essential resource for governmental entities looking to comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 75, which governs accounting and financial reporting for other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Since its effective date, GASB 75 has introduced notable changes in how public organizations recognize and disclose OPEB liabilities and expenses. This guide explores the nuances of GASB 75

implementation, highlighting critical considerations, practical steps, and the implications for financial transparency.

## **Understanding GASB 75 and Its Significance**

GASB 75 replaces the previous Statement No. 45 and aims at enhancing the comparability and clarity of OPEB reporting for state and local governments. Unlike pensions governed under GASB 68, OPEB encompasses benefits such as healthcare, life insurance, and other post-retirement benefits outside of pension plans. The standard requires governments to recognize the net OPEB liability on the face of their financial statements, representing the difference between the total OPEB liability and plan fiduciary net position.

One of the fundamental shifts introduced by GASB 75 is the full recognition of the net OPEB liability, which can significantly impact the balance sheet and key financial ratios. This change demands a rigorous actuarial valuation process and transparent disclosures, influencing stakeholders' perception of a government's long-term fiscal health.

## **Key Components of GASB 75 Implementation**

Implementing GASB 75 involves multiple stages, each requiring a detailed understanding of the standard's technical requirements and collaboration across finance, actuarial, and administrative teams.

### **1. Identifying the OPEB Plan and Reporting Entity**

Before beginning the implementation process, organizations must clearly define the OPEB plan(s) subject to GASB 75 and confirm the reporting entity's boundaries. This includes:

- Determining whether the government administers single or multiple OPEB plans.
- Assessing the inclusion of blended or discretely presented component units.
- Understanding the plan's funding status, whether it is a single-employer, agent multiple-employer, or cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

The classification affects measurement methods and disclosure obligations,

making it a critical initial step.

## **2. Selecting an Actuarial Valuation Approach**

GASB 75 mandates that governments measure the total OPEB liability through an actuarial valuation using techniques such as the Entry Age Normal or Projected Unit Credit methods. Key actuarial assumptions—discount rate, healthcare cost trend rates, mortality, and employee turnover—must reflect current expectations and be reasonable.

Actuarial firms play a pivotal role in providing accurate valuations, and entities should ensure they engage qualified professionals familiar with GASB 75 nuances. The discount rate, in particular, influences the present value of future benefit payments and varies depending on whether the plan assets are sufficient to cover projected liabilities.

## **3. Calculating Net OPEB Liability and Expense**

Once the total OPEB liability is established, it is offset by the plan's fiduciary net position to determine the net OPEB liability. This figure must be reported on the government's statement of net position.

The annual OPEB expense recognized in the financial statements includes components such as:

- Service cost
- Interest on the total OPEB liability
- Differences between expected and actual experience
- Changes in assumptions
- Projected earnings on plan investments

Understanding these components aids in explaining year-over-year expense fluctuations to auditors and stakeholders.

## **4. Enhancing Financial Statement Disclosures**

Transparency is a central objective of GASB 75, and entities must provide extensive notes and required supplementary information (RSI) in their financial reports. Disclosures typically include:

- Detailed descriptions of the OPEB plan
- Significant actuarial assumptions and methods
- Changes in net OPEB liability over the reporting period
- Sensitivity analyses showing the impact of discount rate and healthcare cost trend variations
- Information about plan fiduciary net position and funding policies

These disclosures help users of financial statements assess the magnitude and risks associated with OPEB obligations.

## **Challenges and Considerations in GASB 75 Implementation**

Though the GASB 75 implementation guide clarifies many procedural elements, governments often encounter practical challenges during adoption.

### **Data Collection and Quality**

Accurate actuarial valuations require comprehensive data on employee demographics, benefit provisions, and plan assets. Governments sometimes face difficulties in gathering consistent and up-to-date information, especially for large or multi-employer plans.

### **Resource and Expertise Constraints**

Smaller governments may lack internal expertise or resources to manage the complexities of GASB 75 compliance, necessitating reliance on external consultants or actuarial firms. This dependence can increase costs and complicate timelines.

### **Impact on Financial Metrics**

Recognizing the net OPEB liability on the balance sheet can substantially alter a government's reported net position and debt ratios, potentially affecting credit ratings and borrowing capacity. Clear communication to stakeholders is essential to mitigate misunderstandings.

## Comparisons with GASB 68 and Other Standards

While GASB 68 relates to pension plans and GASB 75 focuses on OPEB, there are parallels in measurement and reporting techniques. Understanding the distinctions between these standards is crucial for entities managing both pension and OPEB plans to ensure cohesive financial reporting.

## Best Practices for a Smooth GASB 75 Rollout

Implementing GASB 75 effectively requires strategic planning and coordination. Consider the following best practices:

1. **Early Engagement with Actuaries:** Involve actuaries early to tailor valuation methods and assumptions to the entity's unique situation.
2. **Cross-Department Collaboration:** Ensure finance, human resources, legal, and actuarial teams work collaboratively to gather data and review assumptions.
3. **Robust Internal Controls:** Establish controls around data collection, calculation, and reporting processes to ensure accuracy and consistency.
4. **Stakeholder Communication:** Develop clear messaging regarding the financial statement impacts and long-term implications of OPEB liabilities.
5. **Continuous Monitoring:** Regularly review actuarial assumptions and funding policies to adapt to changing economic and demographic conditions.

## Technology and Software Solutions in GASB 75 Compliance

As the complexity of OPEB reporting grows, many governments are adopting specialized software solutions to streamline GASB 75 compliance. These platforms assist in data aggregation, actuarial modeling, and generating required disclosures, reducing manual errors and accelerating reporting cycles.

Integration with existing financial management systems can further enhance transparency and facilitate audit readiness. However, selecting software requires careful evaluation to ensure it accommodates the specific plan types

and reporting requirements relevant to the entity.

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The introduction of GASB 75 marks a significant evolution in governmental accounting for post-employment benefits. By recognizing the full scope of OPEB liabilities on the financial statements, the standard promotes greater fiscal accountability and transparency. Governments that approach implementation systematically—leveraging expert guidance, robust data, and technology—are better positioned to navigate the challenges and realize the benefits of improved financial reporting under GASB 75.

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